### Math Minutes #1

Rigor, Relevance, and Relationships:

Focusing on doing the ORDINARY





The mission of Norton Elementary School is to educate and encourage every student to his/her highest potential through the acquisition of knowledge and appropriate behavior. This will lead to the development of the whole child and optimal student achievement with our local, national and world-class counterparts.



**Learning Target:** I can use formative assessment strategy to provide remediation and/or acceleration for my math students before the unit common assessment.

**EXPECTATION:** All teachers will administer common, math unit assessments.

- A common assessment means student learning will be assessed using the same instrument or process and according to the same criteria (De Four, et al, 2010)
- Common assessment items should be collaboratively designed
- Common assessments items represent AKS contained in the unit multiple questions are tied the "power" AKS
- -"It is better for tests to measure a handful of powerful skills accurately than it Is for tests to do an inaccurate job of measuring many skills." (Popham, 2003, p. 143)
- Common assessments allow professional learning groups to analyze group data to

### Formative Assessment Strategy (GTES Standard #5):

### Odd One Out

In this strategy, students must choose the item that doesn't belong and give a clear mathematical explanation for why it doesn't fit with the rest of the group—perhaps it is the number, symbol, representation, or math vocabulary term. This QUICK assessment allows to you assess whether students can combine several different objectives and make a judgment (higher-order thinking!)

## Kindergarten: 1.CC.1 count to 100 by ones and tens 1, 2, 3, 4, ....

1, 2, 3, 4, ....

20, 30, 50, 60...

7, 8, 9, 10...

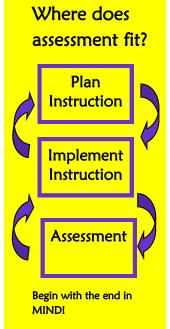
50, 60, 70, 80...

# 1st grade: AKS 18.NBT.7 exchange equivalent quantities of coins with pennies, nickels, dimes, and quarters and compute to purchase items less than a dollar









.2<sup>nd</sup> Grade: explain that the three digits of a threedigit number represent amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones (e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, 0 tens, and 6 ones)

345 equals 3 hundreds, 4 tens, and 5 ones 240 equals 2 hundreds, 4

tens, and 0 ones

3rd grade: 10.NBT.1 use place value understanding to round whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100

The halfway point between 20 and 30 is 25.

The halfway point between 100 and 200 is 150.
When I round 43 to the nearest ten, the answer is either 40 or 50

### Math Technology Tool (GTES Standard #3)

Symbaloo is a visual bookmarking tool that makes it simple to organize the best of the web. With an account you can access your bookmarks from everywhere with any device and share your online resources with others. The

device and share your online resources with others. The county's math office has created a symbaloo with great resources. Click on the link and set up an account!

https://www.symbaloo.com/home/mix/mathweb20tools1



4th grade: 7.NBT.2 read and write multidigit whole numbers using standard and expanded form. Compare using >, =, and <

391 < 1,235

465 > 259

863 = 8630

1987 > 999

5th grade: 1.OA.1 use parentheses, brackets, or braces in numerical expressions, and evaluate expressions with these symbols

 $2 + 2 \times 3 = 12$ 

 $2 + 2 \times 3 = 8$ 

 $9 \div 3 \times 3 = 9$ 

 $9 - (3 \times 2) = 3$ 

#### Remember to include the SHARING at the close of your math workshop lessons.



